Docket Number E-978 Pitney Bowes Inc. 35 Waterview Drive P.O. Box 3000 Shelton, CT 06484-8000 December 29, 1999



BOX PATENT APPLICATION ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of

Inventor: Thomas J. Foth

For: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING REFUNDS IN A POSTAGE METERING SYSTEM

Enclosed are:

14 pages comprising the specification, claims, and abstract.

3 sheets of drawings.

A Declaration and Power of Attorney.

A Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail.

A Recordation of Assignment Request and an Assignment of the invention to Pitney Bowes Inc., World Headquarters, Stamford, Connecticut 06926-0700.

Fees calculated as follows:

Basic Fee							\$ 760.00
Claims Fee	Number Filed		Number Extra		Rate		
Total Claims	10	- 20 =	0	X	\$18.00	=	\$ 0.00
Independent Claims	2	- 3=	0	Х	\$78.00	11	\$ 0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims \$260.00 =						=	\$
					Total Filing	Fee	\$ 760.00

Please charge our Deposit Account Number 16-1885 in the amount of \$ 760.00 for the filing fee.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Account Number 16-1885.

A copy of this Transmittal Letter is enclosed for use in charging the Deposit Account.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



In re patent application of:

1. Attorney Docket No.: E-978

Thomas J. Foth

2. Group Art Unit:

Serial No.:

3. Examiner:

Filed: Concurrently herewith

3. Date: December 29, 1999

Title:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING REFUNDS IN A

POSTAGE METERING SYSTEM

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY EXPRESS MAIL

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

I hereby certify that the attached Transmittal Letter, Patent Application, Declaration, Drawings, Recordation of Assignment, and Assignment were deposited with the U.S. Postal Service for delivery by Express Mail on December 29, 1999. The number of the Express Mail mailing label is EJ706015577US.

Respectfully submitted,

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PITNEY BOWES INC. Intellectual Property and Technology Law Department 35 Waterview Drive P.O. Box 3000 Shelton, CT 06484-8000

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING REFUNDS IN A POSTAGE METERING SYSTEM

FIELD OF THE INVENTION:

The instant invention relates to remote postage metering systems, and more particularly to postage metering systems having a dispute account refund mechanism.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

Postage meters are devices for dispensing value in the form of postage printed on a mailpiece such as an envelope. Postage meters of this type print and account for postage (value) dispensed by using a vault within the postage meter. The postage is included as part of a postage indicium that may also include a date and/or time associated with the printing of the indicium, a mailed from zip code, a postage meter identification number, and encrypted data that can be used by the cognizant postal authority to verify the authenticity of the printed indicium.

While postage meters have performed exceptionally well over the years, occasionally an indicium that is unreadable is printed even though the postage has been accounted for in the postage meter vault. This situation can occur, for example, where an ink supply associated with the printing device of the postage meter runs low thereby resulting in a poor printed image. When such a situation occurs, the user of the postage meter must save the mailpiece containing the unreadable indicium and bring it to the postal authority in order to obtain a refund for the value of the postage associated with the mailpiece. This process is obviously very time consuming and a big inconvenience to the user.

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It is therefore desirable to provide a method and apparatus for a postage metering system that accommodates postage refund requests in a more efficient manner than the procedures outlined above.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to provide a method and apparatus for providing refunds in a postage metering system that overcomes the problems discussed above with regard to the refunding of postage value.

The above object is met by providing a method for facilitating refunds in a postage metering system including receiving at a computer a request for a refund of a postage amount; using the computer for accessing a dispute account data base for identifying a dispute account associated with the request; determining, via the computer, if a value in the dispute account is acceptable for permitting a refund of the postage amount; and at times when the value is determined to be acceptable for permitting the refund of the postage amount, refunding the postage amount to a user of the postage meter. A system incorporates the method steps.

Additional objects and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description that follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention may be realized and obtained by means of the instrumentalities and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate a presently preferred embodiment of the invention, and together with the general description given above and the detailed description of the preferred embodiment given below, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

Furthermore, like reference numerals are used to describe similar components in the various Figures.

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram of a first prior art postage metering system;

Figure 2 is a schematic block diagram of a postage metering system incorporating the instant invention; and

Figure 3 is a flowchart describing the operation of the inventive postage refund process.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS:

Referring to Figure 1, a schematic block diagram of a conventional remote postage meter resetting system is shown. A plurality of blocks 1 represent remote postage meter stations capable of communicating with a data center 5. The remote postage meter stations 1 communicate with data center 5 via telephone exchange equipment generally indicated at 4. The transmitter-receiver at each remote station 1 is a conventional tone signaling telephone 3. Telephone 3 is used to establish two way communications between postage meter station 1 and data center 5.

Data center 5 includes a data set 6 of known construction which receives frequency encoded data input from telephone 3 of any of the remote postage meters stations 1 and transforms this input into a suitable machine language for use by a computer 7 of data center 5. Computer 7, in turn, controls in a conventional manner a known voice-answer back unit 8. Voice answer back unit 8 formulates voice responses for transmission back to the particular postage meter station 1, via the telephone exchange 4.

Each remote postage meter station 1 includes a known electronic postage meter 2. Postage meter 2 includes a display 9, a keyboard 11, a central processing unit 13 (or a plurality of CPU's operating together), a ROM 15, a RAM 17, and

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nonvolatile memory 19. The CPU 13 controls operation of the meter 2 including the keyboard 11 and display 9 so that information can be input by the user to the postage meter 2 via the keyboard 11 and displayed in display 9. Similarly, display 9 displays information or prompts from postage meter 2 to solicit input from or to communicate information to the postage meter user.

ROM 15 has stored therein the operating programs of the postage meter 2 which are executed by CPU 13, and RAM 17 acts as a temporary working memory utilized during program execution. NVM 19 typically has stored therein the postage accounting registers of the postage meter 2 which conventionally include: an ascending register which is indicative of the lifetime total amount of postage printed by the postage meter 2, a descending register which is indicative of the amount of available postage remaining in the postage meter 2, and a control sum register which represents the sum of the ascending and descending registers. Each of the aforementioned accounting register are changed, as required, when postage is dispensed from or added to the postage meter under the control of the CPU 13 operating in accordance with programming stored in ROM 15.

Postage is remotely funded into postage meter 2 by first telephoning data center 5 via telephone 3. The postage meter user provides the data center 5 with the meter serial number, the last readings of the ascending and descending registers, a user account number, and the amount of postage that is desired to be added to the postage meter 2. Computer 7 verifies the authenticity of the call in a known manner and communicates with a prepaid user postage account data base 21 to determine if the specified user account has enough prepaid funds therein to cover the amount of postage that is desired to be added to the postage meter 2. If sufficient funding exists in the user account, the user account is debited by the requested postage amount and a computer associated with data base 21 sends funds equivalent to the postage amount to be added to the postage meter 2 to a specified Post Office account 23. Computer 7 then formulates a resetting combination that is at least partially based on the meter serial number and the

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

requested postage amount. This combination is transmitted to the user via the voice answer back unit 8, data set 6, telephone exchange 4, and telephone 3. Having received the combination code, the user unlocks the meter, keys in the desired postage to be added via the keyboard 11, and enters the combination. The meter 2 contains a program in ROM 15 that utilizes the entered desired postage refill amount and generates an internal combination based on that amount. If the internally generated combination and the entered combination are the same, the accounting registers are appropriately changed by CPU 13 thereby adding the desired postage to postage meter 2. If on the other hand, computer 7 determines that there is insufficient postage in the user account to cover the desired postage increase to postage meter 2, a response is received via telephone 3 advising that such is the case and terminating the transaction.

Figure 2 shows a postage meter resetting system 40 which is very similar to the system of Figure 1 except that it is more fully automated. The system 40 only requires the user to establish communication with the data center 5 via the plurality of remote postage meter stations 25A, 25B, and 25C and to provide the data center 5 with the desired postage amount to be added to postage meter 27. The remaining downloading of data to data center 5, downloading of the combination from the data center 5 to meter 27, the internal generation of the combination by the meter 27, the comparison of the combinations, and the subsequent addition of postage by changing accounting register values are automatically accomplished under the control of CPU 35.

In operation, the user presses a designated button 29 of keyboard 31, which button 29 indicates that a remote postage refill is desired. Programming in ROM 33 causes CPU 35 to prompt the user via display 9 to enter, via keyboard 31, the amount of postage desired. Once the user responds, CPU 35 activates a modem 37 that automatically dials data center 5 and establishes communication therewith via a modem 39 at data center 5. CPU 35, via modems 37, 39 and telephone exchange 4 automatically provides the necessary register readings, the meter serial number, the

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

prestored user account number, and the amount of postage desired to computer 7. Computer 7 then authenticates the call and communicates with prepaid postage account 21 to determine whether or not sufficient funds exist in the specified user account to cover the desired postage to be added to postage meter 27. If sufficient funds are available, debiting of the user account and the sending of postage funds to the post office account 23 are accomplished as previously discussed in connection with Figure 1. However, in the system of Figure 2, the combination code generated by computer 7 is sent directly to the CPU 35 from computer 7 via modems 39,37 and telephone exchange 4. CPU 35 then generates a combination code as previously discussed in connection with CPU 13 of Figure 1, compares the generated code to the received code, and adds postage to the meter by changing the accounting registers if the codes match. Thus, the system of Figure 2 requires less user input to accomplish the adding of postage to postage meter 27.

As previously discussed, it is possible that the ink supply associated with a printing device (not shown) of postage meter 27 may run low on ink such that an unreadable postage indicium is printed on a mailpiece. The inventive postage metering system 40 provides an effective mechanism for accommodating refund requests associated with the unreadable indicium through the use of a dispute account database 41. The dispute account data base 41 includes a plurality of dispute accounts, each of which is associated with a corresponding one of the user accounts of the prepaid postage account data base 21. In one embodiment, each dispute account is initially set at a predetermined threshold value and is decremented each time a refund request associated with a particular dispute account is honored, as discussed in more detail below.

Referring to Figure 3, a more detailed explanation of the inventive refund process will be described. At step 100, an unreadable postage indicium is printed by the postage meter 27 of remote postage meter station 25A. Since the user of the postage meter 27 desires a refund for the value associated with the unreadable indicium, the user can depress a refund button 43 that is provided on the keyboard

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

31 (step 102). The CPU 35, executing code in ROM 33, causes display 9 to prompt the user to enter, via keyboard 33, the amount of the requested refund (step 104). Once the refund amount has been entered, the CPU 35, via the modem 37, automatically dials into the data center 5 and sends a refund request message to computer 7 (step 106). The refund request message includes an indicator that identifies it as a refund request and also includes the meter serial number, the last readings of the ascending and descending registers, the user prepaid account number, and the amount of the refund request. The authenticity of the refund request message is verified in the same known manner used for postage refill requests (step 108). Upon verification, computer 7 communicates with dispute account data base 41 to obtain access to the corresponding dispute account associated with the specifically identified user prepaid postage account of prepaid postage account data base 21 (step 110). Computer 7 then ascertains if the current value in the user's dispute account is greater than or equal to the amount of the refund request (step 112). If the answer is "YES", the computer 7 treats the refund request in a manner similar to a postage refill request by generating and sending a resetting combination code to postage meter 27 (step 114). Postage meter 27 uses the combination code in the manner previously described with respect to postage refills in adjusting the accounting registers in NVM 19 to add the amount of the refund request (step 116). The computer 7 also keeps a record of all user refunds that have been given or denied and provides this information to the postal service for use in reconciling the amount of prepaid postage received from each user and the readings of the accounting registers in NVM 19 (step 118).

Returning to the inquiry at step 112, if the answer is "NO", computer 7 sends a message to postage meter 27 (displayed on display 9) advising the user that their dispute account has been exceeded such that a refund cannot be given (step 120). However, the user is advised that they can still bring the unreadable mailpiece to a postal facility to obtain a refund.

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

As previously discussed, each dispute account starts at a threshold value and is decremented by the amount of each refund provided to that user. When the decremented value in the dispute account is less than the amount of the refund request, a refund will not be given. Alternatively, the dispute account can be decremented until it is less than or equal to zero before a refund request is denied. Furthermore, instead of a descending register dispute account, an ascending register can be utilized such that when an upper threshold value of refunds has been met or exceeded the refund request is denied.

While the above system described the refund amount as being added to the accounting circuitry in NVM 19, alternatively the data center 5, via computer 7, can simply transfer the requested refund amount to the user's prepaid postage account 21 and send a message to the postage meter 27 that such deposit has been made. Furthermore, postage meter 27 can be programmed to print a deposit receipt for the refund request. The deposit receipt can be the message sent from the computer 7 to postage meter 27. The message can be signed with a private key of the data center 5 or encrypted at the data center 5. This would allow the printed receipt to be verified if it were ever needed by the user to prove that a refund was supposed to be credited to either their postage meter accounting circuitry or their prepaid postage account 21.

The above described dispute account mechanism provides a significant advantage to the postage meter user in that it permits a refund to be obtained without providing actual proof of the unreadable mailpiece. Thus, legitimate postage meter users who occasionally have a meter problem can easily be provided with a refund for lost postage. On the other hand, the threshold value set in the dispute account places a limit on the total amount of refunds that will be provided to a user without question. Thus, if an unscrupulous user attempts to abuse the automatic refund system they will be prevented from doing so since once they exceed the threshold refund value they will have to provide proof for all future refund requests.

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

The dispute account system described above can also include a counter which counts the number of times each individual user requests a refund so that the automatic refund mechanism can be turned off if a particular users number of uses of the refund system exceeds a predetermined number. Moreover, since the data center 5 has a clock capability, all of the dispute account threshold values or numbers can be associated with a period of time so that the threshold values/numbers can be automatically reset to an initial value if they have not been exceeded for the designated period of time.

Additional advantages and modifications will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Therefore, the invention in its broader aspects is not limited to the specific details and representative devices, shown and described herein. Accordingly, various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the general inventive concept as defined by the appended claims. For example, while the preferred embodiment has been shown in the context of one type of postage meter it is also applicable to PC meters and virtual meters. The PC meter, which is known in the art, includes a portable vault (postage accounting circuitry) that interfaces directly with a personal computer. In the virtual meter each postage meter vault resides at a central server and each user has client software on their personal computer which permits them to interface with the server to dispense postage at the personal computer while accounting for the postage dispensed at the server vault. Both the PC meter and virtual meters would interface with the data center 5 in the same manner discussed above, although the virtual meter vault server could be colocated at the data center. It is further understood that the communications between the various components of the postage metering system described herein can take place over the Internet or any other known or future communication vehicles.

Additionally, the term postage meter also includes other similar meters that dispense an indication of value such as parcel post meters and tax stamp machines. Moreover, while the embodiment described above concerns a postage meter having prepaid funds, the instant invention is applicable to post paid fund systems. In post-

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

paid systems the meter accounts for the funds dispensed and the postal authority receives payment subsequent to the postage transactions.

Furthermore, when a refund is provided in the inventive system it can alternatively can be sent regular mail or electronically to any account designated by the user.

In yet another embodiment, the dispute account 41 can reside in the postage meter 27 rather than at the data center 5. In this scenario the refund process works the same except that it is done offline from the data center through programming and a dispute account in postage meter 27. Subsequently, when postage meter 27 next contacts the data center 5 for either an inspection requirement or a funds refill. At this point in time, the meter on its own or in response to a query from the data center 5 would request reconciliation of the dispute account. Based on the dispute account reading, the data center 5 could add a refill amount to the meter vault to compensate for the requested refund(s) or provide the refund in some other manner. Moreover the postage meter 27 would maintain a refund transaction record which would be sent to the data center 5. In an alternative embodiment, the entire refund process could be handled within the meter with the refund data being provided to the data center 5 upon communication therewith for auditing purposes.

Finally, while the preferred embodiment required the user to enter the refund amount into the postage meter 27, the postage meter 27 could be designed to display after each printed postage value a query as to whether a refund is needed. If the answer is yes, the postage meter knowing the last transaction would automatically supply the amount of the refund request,

Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for facilitating refunds in a postage metering system, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving at a computer a request for a refund of a postage amount;
using the computer for accessing a dispute account database for identifying a
dispute account associated with the request;

determining, via the computer, if a value in the dispute account is acceptable for permitting a refund of the postage amount; and

at times when the value is determined to be acceptable for permitting the refund of the postage amount, refunding the postage amount to a user of the postage meter.

- 2. A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising sending enabling data from the computer to the postage meter, the enabling data useable by the postage meter to add the postage amount to a vault of the postage meter to effectuate the refunding of the postage amount.
- 3. A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising adjusting the value in the dispute account to account for the postage amount refunded.
- 4. A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising sending funds equivalent to the postage amount to a user identified account thereby effectuating the refunding of the postage amount.
- 5. A method as recited in claim 1 further comprising mailing funds equivalent to the postage amount to the user thereby effectuating the refunding of the postage amount.

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Attorney Docket # E-978 Express Mail Label #EJ706015577US

- 6. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein at times when the value is determined to be not acceptable, sending a message for one of printing and display at the postage meter, the message advising that the request for a refund has been denied.
- 7. A postage metering system comprising:

a postage meter having a vault that accounts for postage dispensed by the postage meter;

a data center in communication with the postage meter, the data center having a central processing unit and a dispute account database, the dispute account database having a dispute account associated with the postage meter;

means for permitting communication between the postage meter and the data center;

wherein at times when the data center receives a request for a refund of a postage amount from the postage meter the central processing unit determines if a value in the dispute account is acceptable for permitting a refund of the postage amount and if it is the central processing unit refunds the postage amount to a user of the postage meter.

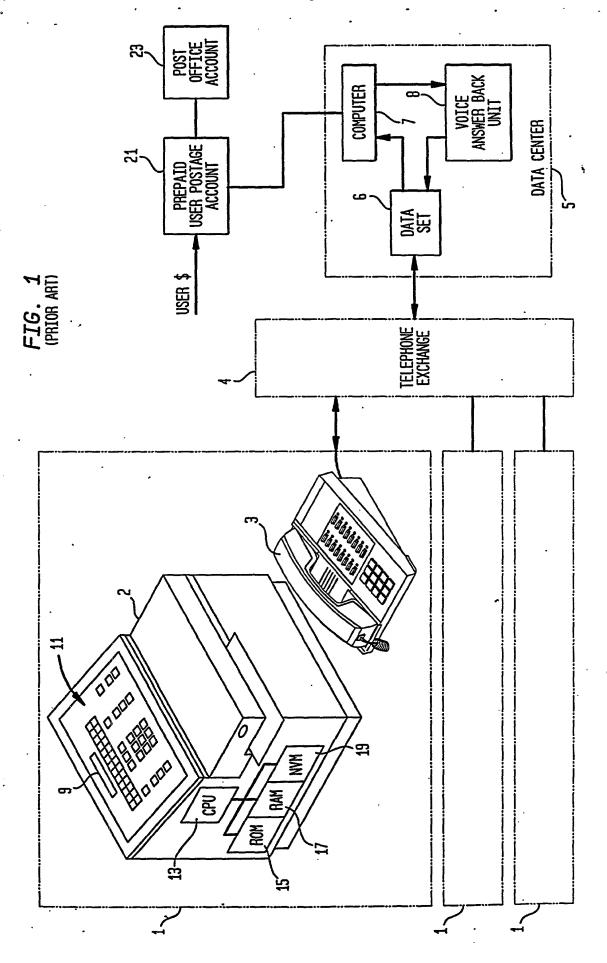
- 8. A postage meter system as recited in claim 7, wherein the postage meter includes a printing device and the central processing unit refunds the postage amount to the user by sending enabling data useable by the computer for adding the postage amount to the postage meter vault.
- 9. A postage metering device as recited in claim 8, wherein the printing device prints a receipt of the postage amount refunded.

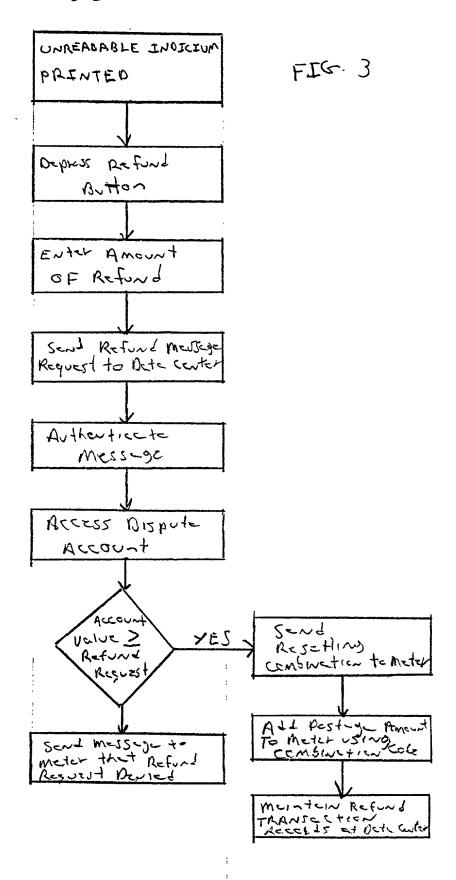
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10. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable code for performing the steps of claim 1.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method for facilitating refunds in a postage metering system includes the steps of receiving at a computer a request for a refund of a postage amount; using the computer for accessing a dispute account data base for identifying a dispute account associated with the request; determining, via the computer, if a value in the dispute account is acceptable for permitting a refund of the postage amount; and at times when the value is determined to be acceptable for permitting the refund of the postage amount, refunding the postage amount to a user of the postage meter. A system incorporates the method steps.





DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY Patent Application	Attorney's Docket Number E-978
	Page 1 of 2

As below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING REFUNDS IN A POSTAGE METERING SYSTEM

described and claimed in the attached specification;

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims;

I acknowledge my duty to disclose to the Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to the patentability of this application as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, section 1.56; and

I do not know and do not believe the invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application, that the invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to this application, that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application, and that no application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention has been filed in any country foreign to the United States of America prior to this application by me or my legal representatives or assigns.

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith;

Steven J. Shapiro Reg. No. 35,677
Michael E. Melton Reg. No. 32,276
David E. Pitchenik Reg. No. 24,020
Robert E. Meyer Reg. No. 26,307

Signature of Inventor

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DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY Patent Application			Attorney's Docket Number E-978					
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	ephone calls to Steven J. Shapir o.: (203) 924-3880.	ro						
Address all correspondence to: Steven J. Shapiro Pitney Bowes Inc. Intellectual Property and Technology Law Department 35 Waterview Drive P.O. Box 3000 Shelton, CT 06484								
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.								
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